Art Progression



independently. Apply new drawing techniques to

techniques Push the boundaries of mark-making

to explore new surfaces, e.g. drawing on clay,

improve their mastery of materials and

Intent: Kapow's art and design scheme of work aims to inspire pupils and develop their confidence to experiment and invent their own works of art. Kapow is written by experts in the art field and designed to give pupils every opportunity to develop their ability, nuture their talents and interests, express their ideas and thoughts about the world, as well as learning about the rich heritage and culture of the British Isles and beyond. The Kapow scheme meets the needs of the National Curriculum end of key stage attainment targets and has been written to fully cover the National society for Education in Art and Design's progression competencies.

Implementation: The kapow scheme of work is designed with four strands that run throughout. These are: * Making Skills * Formal elements (line, shape, tone, texture, pattern, colour) * Knowledge of artists *Evaluating

Through the scheme of work, these strands are revisited in every unit. In the Art and design skills and the formal elements of art units, pupils have the opportunity to learn and practise skills discretely. The knowledge and skills from these units are then applied throughout the other units in the scheme. Key skills are revisited again and again with increasing complexity in a spiral curriculum model. This allows pupils to revise and build on their previous learning.

Impact: Kapow's curriculum is designed in such a way that the children are involved in the evaluation, dialogue and decision making about the quality of their outcomes and the improvements they need to make. By taking part in regular discussions and decision making processes, children will not only know facts and key information about art, but they will be able to talk confidently about their own learning journey, have higher metacognitive skills and have a growing understanding of how to improve.

The impact of the scheme is monitored through both formative and summative assessment opportunities. Each lesson includes guidance to support teachers in assessing pupikls against the learning objectives and each unit has a unit quiz and knowledge catcher which can be used at the start and / or end of the unit.

Level expected at the end of EYFS

Expressive Arts and Design (Exploring and Using Media and Materials)

Children safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

Expressive Arts and Design (Being Imaginative)

Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.

materials such as pencils,

chalk, felt tips and wax

of materials of different

textures (eg. playground,

crayons. Work on a range

Key Stage One National Curriculum Expectations

Pupils should be taught:

observational skills to look

closely and reflect surface

texture through mark-

making. To explore mark

making using a range of tools;

· to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products;

Further develop mark-making

within a greater range of media,

demonstrating increased control.

Develop observational skills to look

closely and reflect surface texture

elements)

Confidently use of a range of

appropriately with more

independence. Draw with

materials, selecting and using these

- · to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination;
- to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space:

about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.

Key Stage Two National Curriculum Expectations

Pupils should be taught:

- to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design;
- · to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas;
- to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay];

about great artists, architects and designers in history.

The national curriculum for art and design aims to ensure that all pupils by the end of year 6:

produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences;

such as architecture, culture and photography.

Begin to develop drawn ideas as part of an

with a range of media, selecting these

exploratory journey. Apply known techniques

independently in response to a stimulus. Draw in

- become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques;
- evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design;
- know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms.

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Key Area	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Drawing	Marvellous Marks -	Make your mark – Kapow	Tell a story – Kapow	Growing artists – Kapow	Power prints – Kapow	I need space - Kapow	Make my voice heard
	Kapow	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:
	Generating ideas:	Explore their own ideas using	Begin to generate ideas from a	Generate ideas from a range of	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli,	Develop ideas more independently from their	Draw upon their experience of creative work and
	Talk about their ideas and	a range of media	wider range of stimuli, exploring	stimuli and carry out simple	using research and evaluation of	own research. Explore and record their plans,	their research to develop their own starting
	explore different ways to		different media and techniques.	research and evaluation as part of	techniques to develop their ideas and	ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas	points for creative outcomes.
	record them.	<u>Sketchbooks:</u>		the making process.	plan more purposefully for an outcome.	towards an outcome.	
		Use sketchbooks to explore	Sketchbooks:				<u>Sketchbooks:</u>
	Recording on paper:	ideas in an open-ended way.	Experiment in sketchbooks, using	Sketchbooks:	Sketchbooks:	<u>Sketchbooks:</u>	Using a systematic and independent approach,
	Experiment with mark		drawing to record ideas. Use	Use sketchbooks for a wider range	Use sketchbooks purposefully to	Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes	research, test and develop ideas and plans using
	making in an exploratory	Making skills (including	sketchbooks to help make	of purposes, for example recording	improve understanding, develop ideas	including recording observations and research,	sketchbooks.
	way	<u>Formal elements)</u>	decisions about what to try out	things using drawing and	and plan for an outcome.	testing materials and working towards an	
		Use a range of drawing	next.	annotations, planning and taking		outcome more independently	Making skills (including Formal elements)
	Making skills (including	materials such as pencils,		next steps in a making process.	Making skills (including Formal		Draw expressively in their own personal style
	Formal elements)	chalk, charcoal, pastels, felt	Making skills (including Formal		<u>elements)</u>	Making skills (including Formal elements)	and in response to their choice of stimulus,
	Use a range of drawing	tips and pens. Develop	<u>elements)</u>	Making skills (including Formal	Apply observational skills, showing a	To use a broader range of stimulus to draw from,	showing the ability to develop a drawing

greater awareness of composition and

individual style. Use growing knowledge

demonstrating the beginnings of an

of different drawing materials,

combining media for effect.

bark). Begin to develop observational skills by using mirrors to include the main features of faces in their drawings

Knowledge of artists:
Enjoy looking at and talking about art.

Evaluating and analysing
Talk about their artwork, stating what they feel they did well.

being able to create a diverse and purposeful range of marks through experimentation building skills and vocabulary.

Knowledge of artists:

Knowledge of artists:

Describe similarities and differences between practices in Art and design, eg between painting and sculpture, and link these to their own work.

Evaluating and analysing
Describe and compare
features of their own and
other's art work.

through mark-making. Experiment with drawing on different surfaces, and begin to explore tone using a variety of pencil grade (HB, 2B, 4B) to show form, drawing light/dark lines, patterns and shapes.

Knowledge of artists:

Talk about art they have seen using some appropriate subject vocabulary. Be able to make links between pieces of art.

Evaluating and analysing
Explain their ideas and opinions
about their own and other's art
work, giving reasons. Begin to talk
about how they could improve
their own work.

expression and begin to experiment with gestural and quick sketching. Developing drawing through further direct observation, using tonal shading and starting to apply an understanding of shape to communicate form and proportion.

Knowledge of artists:

Use subject vocabulary to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences to explain how art works may have been made.

Evaluating and analysing
Confidently explain their ideas and opinions about their own and other's art work, giving reasons. Use sketchbooks as part of the problemsolving process and make changes to improve their work.

Knowledge of artists:

Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works.

Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to explain how art works may have been

Demonstrate greater control over

to develop use of tone and more

intricate mark making.

drawing tools to show awareness of

proportion and perspective, continuing

Evaluating and analysing
Build a more complex vocabulary when
discussing their own and others' art.
Evaluate their work more regularly and
independently during the planning and
making process.

a more sustained way, revisiting a drawing over time and applying their understanding of tone, texture, line, colour and form

Knowledge of artists:

Research and discuss the ideas and approaches of artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.

Evaluating and analysing

Discuss the processes used by themselves and by other artists, and describe the particular outcome achieved. Use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.

layering media and incorporating digital drawing techniques.

Knowledge of artists:

Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.

Evaluating and analysing

Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and intention. Independently use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.

Painting and mixed media

Paint my world - Kapow <u>Generating ideas:</u> Explore different ways to

use paint and a range of media according to their interests and ideas.

<u>Sketchbooks:</u> N/A

Making skills (including Formal elements)
Explore paint including different application methods (fingers, splatter, natural materials, paintbrushes.)
Use different forms of 'paint' such as mud and puddles, creating a range of artwork both abstract and figurative. Use mixed-media scraps to create child-led artwork with no specific outcome.

Knowledge of artists: Enjoy looking at and talking about art.

Evaluating and analysing
Talk about their artwork,
stating what they feel
they did well.

Colour splash – Kapow
Generating ideas:
Explore their own ideas using a range of media

<u>Sketchbooks:</u>
Use sketchbooks to explore ideas in an open-ended way.

Making skills (including Formal elements)
Experiment with paint, using a wide variety of tools (eg brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint to a range of different surfaces. Play with combinations of materials to create simple collage effects. Select materials based on their properties, eg shiny,

Knowledge of artists:

Describe similarities and differences between practices in Art and design, eg between painting and sculpture, and link these to their own work.

Evaluating and analysing
Describe and compare
features of their own and
other's art work

Beside the seaside - Kapow Generating ideas:

Begin to generate ideas from a wider range of stimuli, exploring different media and techniques.

Sketchbooks:

Experiment in sketchbooks, using drawing to record ideas. Use sketchbooks to help make decisions about what to try out next.

<u>Making skills (including Formal</u> <u>elements)</u>

Begin to develop some control when painting, applying knowledge of colour and how different media behave eg adding water to thin paint Mix different hues of primary and secondary colours by using different amounts of each starting colour or by adding water. Make choices about which materials to use for collage based on colour, texture, shape and pattern. Experiment with overlapping and overlaying materials to create interesting effects.

Knowledge of artists:

Talk about art they have seen using some appropriate subject vocabulary. Be able to make links between pieces of art.

Evaluating and analysing
Explain their ideas and opinions
about their own and other's art
work, giving reasons.
Begin to talk about how they could
improve their own work.

Prehistoric painting - Kapow Generating ideas:

Generate ideas from a range of stimuli and carry out simple research and evaluation as part of the making process.

Sketchbooks:

Use sketchbooks for a wider range of purposes, for example recording things using drawing and annotations, planning and taking next steps in a making process.

Making skills (including Formal elements)

Select and use a variety of painting techniques, including applying their drawing skills, using their knowledge of colour mixing and making choices about suitable tools for a task eg choosing a fine paintbrush for making detailed marks. Mix colours with greater accuracy and begin to consider how colours can be used expressively. Explore contrasting and complimentary colours. Modify chosen collage materials in a range of ways eg by cutting, tearing, resizing or overlapping. In sketchbooks, use collage as a means of collecting ideas.

Knowledge of artists:

Use subject vocabulary to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences to explain how art works may have been made.

Evaluating and analysing
Confidently explain their ideas and opinions about their own and other's art work, giving reasons.
Use sketchbooks as part of the problem-solving process and make changes to improve their work.

Light and dark - Kapow Generating ideas:

Generate ideas from a range of stimuli, using research and evaluation of techniques to develop their ideas and plan more purposefully for an outcome.

Sketchbooks:

Use sketchbooks purposefully to improve understanding, develop ideas and plan for an outcome.

<u>Making skills (including Formal elements)</u>

Explore the way paint can be used in different ways to create a variety of effects, eg creating a range of marks and textures in paint. Develop greater skill and control when using paint to depict forms, eg beginning to use tone to create 3D effects. Work selectively, choosing and adapting collage materials to create contrast and considering overall composition.

Knowledge of artists:

Use subject vocabulary confidently to describe and compare creative works. Use their own experiences of techniques and making processes to explain how art works may have been made

Evaluating and analysing

Build a more complex vocabulary when discussing their own and others' art. Evaluate their work more regularly and independently during the planning and making process.

Portraits - Kapow

Generating ideas:

Develop ideas more independently from their own research. Explore and record their plans, ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas towards an outcome.

Sketchbooks:

Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes including recording observations and research, testing materials and working towards an outcome more independently.

Making skills (including Formal elements)

Apply paint with control in different ways to achieve different effects, experimenting with techniques used by other artists and applying ideas to their own artworks eg making choices about painting surfaces or mixing paint with other materials.

Develop a painting from a drawing or other initial stimulus. Add collage to a painted, printed or drawn background for effect.

Explore how collage can extend original ideas.

Combine digital effects with other media.

Knowledge of artists:

Research and discuss the ideas and approaches of artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.

Evaluating and analysing

Discuss the processes used by themselves and by other artists, and describe the particular outcome achieved.

Use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.

Artist study - Kapow

Generating ideas:

Draw upon their experience of creative work and their research to develop their own starting points for creative outcomes.

Sketchbooks:

Using a systematic and independent approach, research, test and develop ideas and plans using sketchbooks.

<u>Making skills (including Formal elements)</u>
Manipulate paint and painting techniques to suit a purpose, making choices based on their

experiences.

Work in a sustained way over several sessions to

work in a sustained way over several sessions to complete a piece.

Analyse and describe how colour is used in other artists' work. Consider materials, scale and techniques when creating collage and other mixed media pieces.

Create collage in response to a stimulus and work collaboratively on a larger scale.

Knowledge of artists:

Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work.

Evaluating and analysing

Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and intention.

Independently use their knowledge of tools, materials and processes to try alternative solutions and make improvements to their work.

Sculpture	Creation station - Kapow	Paper play – Kapow	Clay houses - Kapow	Abstract shape and space - Kapow	Mega materials - Kapow	Interactive installation - Kapow	Making memories - Kapow
and 3D	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:
	Explore and play with clay	Explore their own ideas using	Begin to generate ideas from a	Generate ideas from a range of	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli,	Develop ideas more independently from their	Draw upon their experience of creative wo
	and playdough to make	a range of media.	wider range of stimuli, exploring	stimuli and carry out simple	using research and evaluation of	own research. Explore and record their plans,	their research to develop their own starting
	child-led creations.		different media and techniques.	research and evaluation as part of	techniques to develop their ideas and	ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas	points for creative outcomes.
		<u>Sketchbooks:</u>		the making process.	plan more purposefully for an outcome	towards an outcome.	
	<u>Sketchbooks:</u>	Use sketchbooks to explore	<u>Sketchbooks:</u>				<u>Sketchbooks:</u>
	N/A	ideas in an open-ended way.	Experiment in sketchbooks, using	<u>Sketchbooks:</u>	Sketchbooks:	<u>Sketchbooks:</u>	Using a systematic and independent approa
			drawing to record ideas. Use	Use sketchbooks for a wider range	Use sketchbooks purposefully to	Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes	research, test and develop ideas and plans
	Making skills (including	Making skills (including	sketchbooks to help make	of purposes, for example recording	improve understanding, develop ideas	including recording observations and research,	sketchbooks.
	Formal elements)	<u>Formal elements)</u>	decisions about what to try out	things using drawing and	and plan for an outcome.	testing materials and working towards an	
	Push, pull and twist a	Use their hands to	next.	annotations, planning and taking		outcome more independently.	Making skills (including Formal elements)
	range of modelling	manipulate a range of		next steps in a making process.	Making skills (including Formal		Uses personal plans and ideas to design an
	materials to affect the	modelling materials. Create	Making skills (including Formal		<u>elements)</u>	Making skills (including Formal elements)	construct more complex sculptures and 3D
	shape. Create child-led	3D forms to make things from	<u>elements)</u>	Making skills (including Formal	Use more complex techniques to mould	Investigate scale when creating forms in three	forms.
	3D forms from natural	their imagination or recreate	Develop understanding of 3D forms	<u>elements)</u>	and form malleable materials, such as	dimensions.	Combine materials and techniques appropr
	materials. Join materials	things they have seen.	to construct and model simple	Able to plan and think through the	the coil pot technique in clay and adding	Explore a greater range of materials to create 3D	to fit with ideas.
	in different ways e.g.		forms using a range of materials.	making process to create 3D forms	detailed surface decoration.	forms eg.wire and found materials Plan a	Confidently problem-solve, edit and refine
	using sticky tape to attach	Knowledge of artists:	Use hands and tools with	using a range of materials.	Show an understanding of appropriate	sculpture, developing an idea in 2D into a three-	create desired effects and end results.
	materials, making simple	Describe similarities and	confidence when cutting, shaping	Shape materials for a purpose,	finish and present work to a good	dimensional piece. Persevere when	
	joins when modelling	differences between	and joining paper, card and	positioning and joining materials in	standard.	constructions are challenging and work to	Knowledge of artists:
	with playdough.	practices in Art and design, eg	malleable materials.	new ways (tie, bind, stick, fold).	Respond to a stimulus and begin to	problem solve more independently	Describe, interpret and evaluate the work,
		between painting and	Develop basic skills for shaping and	Experiment with combining found	make choices about materials used to		and processes used by artists across a varie
	Knowledge of artists:	sculpture, and link these to	joining clay, including exploring	objects and recyclable material to	work in 3D.	Knowledge of artists:	disciplines, being able to describe how the
	Enjoy looking at and	their own work.	surface texture.	create sculpture.		Research and discuss the ideas and approaches	cultural and historical context may have
	talking about art.				Knowledge of artists:	of artists across a variety of disciplines, being	influenced their creative work
		Evaluating and analysing	Knowledge of artists:	Knowledge of artists:	Use subject vocabulary confidently to	able to describe how the cultural and historical	
	Evaluating and analysing	Describe and compare	Talk about art they have seen using	Use subject vocabulary to describe	describe and compare creative works.	context may have influenced their creative work.	Evaluating and analysing
	Talk about their artwork,	features of their own and	some appropriate subject	and compare creative works. Use	Use their own experiences of		Give reasoned evaluations of their own and
	stating what they feel	other's art work.	vocabulary.	their own experiences to explain	techniques and making processes to	Evaluating and analysing	others work which takes account of context
	they did well.		Be able to make links between	how art works may have been	explain how art works may have been	Discuss the processes used by themselves and by	intention.
			pieces of art.	made.	made.	other artists, and describe the particular	Independently use their knowledge of tools,
			Evoluation and analysis a	Evolution and markets	Sudunting and applican	outcome achieved.	materials and processes to try alternative
			Evaluating and analysing	Evaluating and analysing	Evaluating and analysing	Use their knowledge of tools, materials and	solutions and make improvements to their v
			Explain their ideas and opinions	Confidently explain their ideas and	Build a more complex vocabulary when	processes to try alternative solutions and make	
			about their own and other's art	opinions about their own and	discussing their own and others' art.	improvements to their work.	
			work, giving reasons.	other's art work, giving reasons.	Evaluate their work more regularly and		
			Begin to talk about how they could	Use sketchbooks as part of the	independently during the planning and		
			improve their own work.	problem-solving process and make	making process.		
		5 1 11: 1 · · · ·		changes to improve their work.			DI
Craft and	Let's get crafty – Kapow	Embellishments - Kapow	Map it out – Kapow	Ancient Egyptian scrolls – Kapow	Fabric of nature – Kapow	Architecture - Kapow	Photo opportunity – Kapow
design	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:	Generating ideas:
	Explore and play with a	Explore their own ideas using	Begin to generate ideas from a	Generate ideas from a range of	Generate ideas from a range of stimuli,	Develop ideas more independently from their	Draw upon their experience of creative wor
	range of media to make	a range of media.	wider range of stimuli, exploring	stimuli and carry out simple	using research and evaluation of	own research. Explore and record their plans,	their research to develop their own starting
	child-led creations.		different media and techniques.	research and evaluation as part of	techniques to develop their ideas and	ideas and evaluations to develop their ideas	points for creative outcomes.
		Sketchbooks:		the making process.	plan more purposefully for an outcome	towards an outcome.	
	<u>Sketchbooks:</u>	Use sketchbooks to explore	Sketchbooks:				<u>Sketchbooks:</u>
	N/A	ideas in an open-ended way.	Experiment in sketchbooks, using	Sketchbooks:	Sketchbooks:	Sketchbooks:	Using a systematic and independent approa
			drawing to record ideas. Use	Use sketchbooks for a wider range	Use sketchbooks purposefully to	Confidently use sketchbooks for purposes	research, test and develop ideas and plans
	Making skills (including	Making skills (including	sketchbooks to help make	of purposes, for example recording	improve understanding, develop ideas	including recording observations and research,	sketchbooks.
	<u>Formal elements)</u>	Formal elements)	decisions about what to try out	things using drawing and	and plan for an outcome.	testing materials and working towards an	
	Design something and	Able to select colours, shapes	next.	annotations, planning and taking	Making skills (in dealing 5	outcome more independently.	Making skills (including Formal elements)
	stick to the plan when	and materials to suit ideas		next steps in a making process.	Making skills (including Formal	A. I. 178 / I. I	Develop personal, imaginative responses to
	making. Cut, thread, join	and purposes. Design and	Making skills (including Formal		<u>elements)</u>	Making skills (including Formal elements)	design brief, using sketchbooks and indepe
	and manipulate materials	make something that is	<u>elements)</u>	Making skills (including Formal	Learn new making techniques,	Design and make art for different purposes and	research.
	with instruction and	imagined or invented. Begin	Respond to a simple design brief	<u>elements)</u>	comparing these and making decisions	begin to consider how this works in creative	Justify choices made during a design proce
	support and a focus on	to develop skills such as	with a range of ideas.	Learn a new making technique	about which method to use to achieve a	industries eg in architecture, magazines, logos,	explaining how the work of creative practit
	process over outcome.	measuring materials, cutting,	Apply skills in cutting, arranging	(paper making) and apply it as part	particular outcome.	digital media and interior design. Extend ideas	have influence their final outcome.
		and adding decoration	and joining a range of materials to	of their own project. Investigate the	Design and make art for different	for designs through sketchbook use and	
	Knowledge of artists:		include card, felt and cellophane.	history of a craft technique and	purposes and begin to consider how this	research, justifying choices made during the	Knowledge of artists:
	Enjoy looking at and	Knowledge of artists:	Experiment with techniques when	share that knowledge in a personal	works in creative industries.	design process.	Describe, interpret and evaluate the work,
		Describe similarities and	trying out decign ideas	way Design and make creative work	1	I .	and processes used by artists across a varie

way. Design and make creative work

Knowledge of artists:

Use subject vocabulary confidently to

describe and compare creative works.

techniques and making processes to

Use their own experiences of

Knowledge of artists:

Research and discuss the ideas and approaches

of artists across a variety of disciplines, being

able to describe how the cultural and historical

context may have influenced their creative work.

for different purposes, evaluating

the success of the techniques used.

Use subject vocabulary to describe and compare creative works. Use

Knowledge of artists:

Evaluating and analysing

Talk about their artwork,

stating what they feel

talking about art.

they did well.

Describe similarities and

practices in Art and design, eg

sculpture, and link these to

differences between

between painting and

their own work.

trying out design ideas.

Knowledge of artists:

Follow a plan for a making process,

modifying and correcting things

and knowing when to seek advice.

Describe, interpret and evaluate the work, ideas and processes used by artists across a variety of disciplines, being able to describe how the cultural and historical context may have influenced their creative work

Evaluating and analysing

Evaluating and analysin	Talk about art they have seen using	their own experiences to explain	explain how art works may have been	Evaluating and analysing	Give reasoned evaluations of their own and
Describe and compare	some appropriate subject	how art works may have been	made.	Discuss the processes used by themselves and by	others work which takes account of context and
features of their own ar	nd vocabulary. Be able to make links	made.		other artists, and describe the particular	intention.
other's art work.	between pieces of art.		Evaluating and analysing	outcome achieved.	Independently use their knowledge of tools,
		Evaluating and analysing	Build a more complex vocabulary when	Use their knowledge of tools, materials and	materials and processes to try alternative
	Evaluating and analysing	Confidently explain their ideas and	discussing their own and others' art.	processes to try alternative solutions and make	solutions and make improvements to their work.
	Explain their ideas and opinions	opinions about their own and	Evaluate their work more regularly and	improvements to their work.	
	about their own and other's art	other's art work, giving reasons.	independently during the planning and		
	work, giving reasons.	Use sketchbooks as part of the	making process.		
	Begin to talk about how they could	problem-solving process and make			
	improve their own work.	changes to improve their work			

Progression of knowledge

KS1 - Formal elements

	Year 1	Year 2
Colour	Know that the primary colours are red, yellow and blue. Know that primary colours can be mixed to make secondary colours: Red + yellow = orange Yellow + blue = green Blue + red = purple	Know that different amounts of paint and water can be used to mix hues of secondary colours. Know that colours can be mixed to 'match' real life objects or to create things from your imagination Know that colour can be used to show how it feels to be in a particular place, eg the seaside
Form	Know that we can change paper from 2D to 3D by folding, rolling and scrunching it. To know that three dimensional art is called sculpture.	Know that 'composition' means how things are arranged on the page. Know that pieces of clay can be joined using the 'scratch and slip' technique. Know that a clay surface can be decorated by pressing into it or by joining pieces on.
Shape	Know a range of 2D shapes and confidently draw these. Know that paper can be shaped by cutting and folding it.	Know that collage materials can be shaped to represent shapes in an image. Know that shapes can be organic (natural) and irregular. Know that shapes can geometric if they have mostly straight lines and angles. Know that patterns can be made using shapes.
Line	Know that drawing tools can be used in a variety of ways to create different lines. Know that lines can represent movement in drawings.	Know that lines can be used to fill shapes, to make outlines and to add detail or pattern.

KS1 - Formal elements

	Year 1	Year 2
Pattern	Know that a pattern is a design in which shapes, colours or lines are repeated.	Know that surface rubbings can be used to add or make patterns. Know that drawing techniques such as hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending can make patterns. Know that patterns can be used to add detail to an artwork.
Texture	Know that texture means 'what something feels like' Know that different marks can be used to represent the textures of objects Know that different drawing tools make different marks.	Know that collage materials can be chosen to represent real-life textures. Know that collage materials can be overlapped and overlaid to add texture. Know that drawing techniques such as hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending can create surface texture.
Tone	Know that 'tone' in art means 'light and dark'. Know that we can add tone to a drawing by shading and filling a shape.	Know that shading helps make drawn objects look more three dimensional. Know that different pencil grades make different tones.

KS2 - Formal elements

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Colour	Know that complementary colours appear opposite each other on the colour wheel, and when placed next to each other, a strong contrast or 'clash' is created. Know that paint colours can be mixed using natural substances, and that prehistoric peoples used these paints.	To know that adding black to a colour creates a shade. To know that adding white to a colour creates a tint.	To know that artists use colour to create an atmosphere or to represent feelings in an artwork, for example by using warm or cool colours.	To know that a 'monochromatic' artwork uses tints and shades of just one colour. To know that colours can be symbolic and have meanings that vary according to your culture or background, eg red for danger or for celebration.
Form	To know that three dimensional forms are either organic (natural) or geometric (mathematical shapes, like a cube). To know that organic forms can be abstract.	To know that using lighter and darker tints and shades of a colour can create a 3D effect. Know that simple structures can be made stronger by adding layers, folding and rolling.	To know that an art installation is often a room or environment in which the viewer 'experiences' the art all around them. To know that the size and scale of three-dimensional art work changes the effect of the piece.	To know that the surface textures created by different materials can help suggest form in two-dimensional art work.
Shape	To know that negative shapes show the space around and between objects.	To know how to use basic shapes to form more complex shapes and patterns	To know that a silhouette is a shape filled with a solid flat colour that represents an object.	To know how an understanding of shape and space can support creating effective composition
Line	To know that different drawing tools can create different types of lines.	To know that lines can be lighter or darker, or thicker or thinner and that this can add expression or movement to a drawing.	To know that lines can be used by artists to control what the viewer looks at within a composition, eg by using diagonal lines to draw your eye into the centre of a drawing.	To know how line is used beyond drawing and can be applied to other art forms

KS2 - Formal elements

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Pattern	To know that pattern can be man-made (like a printed wallpaper) or natural (like a giraffe's skin). To know that the starting point for a repeating pattern is called a motif, and a motif can be arranged in different ways to make varied patterns.	To know that symmetry can be used to create repeating patterns. To know that patterns can be irregular, and change in ways you wouldn't expect.	To know that artists create pattern to add expressive detail to art works, for example Chila Kumari Singh Burman using small everyday objects to add detail to sculptures.	To know that pattern can be created in many different ways, eg in the rhythm of brushstrokes in a painting (like the work of van Gogh) or in repeated shapes within a composition.
Texture	To know that texture in an artwork can be real (what the surface actually feels like) or a surface can be made to appear textured, as in a drawing using shading to recreate a fluffy object.	To know how to use texture more purposely to achieve a specific effect or to replicate a natural surface.	To know how to create texture on different materials.	To know that applying thick layers of paint to a surface is called impasto, and is used by artists such as Claude Monet to describe texture.
Tone	To know some basic rules for shading when drawing, eg shade in one direction, blending tones smoothly and with no gaps. To know that shading is used to create different tones in an artwork and can include hatching, cross-hatching, scribbling and stippling.	To know that using lighter and darker tints and shades of a colour can create a 3D effect. To know that tone can be used to create contrast in an artwork.	To know that tone can help show the foreground and background in an artwork.	To know that chiaroscuro means 'light and dark' and is a term used to describe high-contrast images.